	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception	All about me	Exploring	The Past	Once Upon A Time	On the Farm	Under the Sea
Long Term Plan	Key texts:	Key texts:	Key texts:	Key texts:	Key Texts:	Key Texts:
	'You Choose', The Three	Whatever next,	Non-fiction texts. Dinosaur	Traditional Tales such as The	Farmer Duck, What the	Commotion in the Ocean,
	Little Pigs, Goldilocks,	Stickman, Christmas	stories, Cave Baby,	Gingerbread Man, The Three	Ladybird Heard, On the farm	Rainbow Fish, The Snail and
	Handa's Surprise	stories		Billy Goats Gruff), Room on	(factual), Oliver's vegetables,	the Whale, Tiddler
			Dinosaur dig	the broom, Supertato	Animal/farm poems	Sharing a shell, The singing
	Role play area clues -	Rocket tent		The Easter story		Mermaid, Stanley Bright
	goldilocks	Decorating Christmas		No. 12	TRIP – Hesketh Farm	Alive & Kicking – At the
		biscuits		Making gingerbread men	Tadpoles	bottom of the Bottom of the Bottom of the sea
						bottom of the sea
Communication	To understand how to listen	To understand how to	To listen attentively, maintaining	To listen attentively in a	To listen attentively in a	To listen attentively in a
and language	carefully.	listen carefully and why	focus.	range of situation, one to	range of situation, one to	range of situation, one to
	To understand why listening	it is important.	Respond to what they have	one, small group and whole	one, small group and whole	one, small group and whole
	is important.	To begin to understand	listened to.	class.	class.	class.
	To follow simple	how and why questions.	Ask questions to find out more	To follow instructions with	To understand questions	To have conversations with
	/instructions.	To follow instructions.	and to check they understand	more than one step.	such as who, what, where,	adults and peers with back
	To engage in storytimes.	To engage in story times,	what has been said to them.	Retell the story, once they	when, why and how.	and forth exchanges.
	To learn new vocabulary.	joining in with repeated	To follow instructions with more	developed a deep familiarity	To link statements and stick	To talk about why things
	To talk to class teachers and	phrases and actions.	than one step.	with the text, some as exact	to a main theme.	happen, using newly
	in front of a small groups, offering their own ideas.	To answer questions. To use new vocabulary	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and	and some in their own words	To use talk to organise,	introduced vocabulary. Articulate their ideas and
	Listen carefully to rhymes	throughout the day	understanding.	To follow a story without pictures or props.	sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feeling and	thought in well-formed
	and songs, paying attention	tinoughout the day	Retell the story, once they	Listen to and talk about	events.	sentences.
	to how they sound.		developed a deep familiarity with	stories to build familiarity	Articulate their ideas and	Connect one idea or action
	to non and, sound		the text	and understanding.	thought in well-formed	to another using a range of
			To engage in non-fiction books.	To share their work/ideas	sentences.	connectives.
			To begin to understand humour	with the class.	Listen to and talk about	Listen to and talk about
			and social phrases.	To use new vocabulary in	selected non-fiction to	selected non-fiction to
			To understand a range of	different contexts.	develop a deep familiarity	develop a deep familiarity
			complex sentences structures.	To engage in non-fiction	with new knowledge and	with new knowledge and
			To talk in sentences using	books.	vocabulary.	vocabulary.
			conjunctions.			
		1			I	1

To recognise different **PSED** emotions and understand how people show emotion. To maintain focus during short whole class activities. To use toilet independently and wash hands effectively. To put coats and shoes/socks independently. To explore different areas within environment. Begin to develop understanding of rules and expectations. To seek support of adults when needed. To gain confidence to speak to peers and adults. To play alongside children engaged in same activity.

To talk about how they are feeling using emotion vocabulary. To begin to consider the feeling of others. To adapt behaviour to a range of situations. Develop confidence to select and try new activities. To put coats/jumpers etc on independently. To understand rules and expectations and the importance of these. To play co-operatively with children who are engaged in same activity/area. To begin to develop friendships. To have positive relationship with Teachers.

Celebrating difference **Dreams and Goals**

friends Families, houses and

Making

- homes
- Being gentle
- Rights and responsibilities

Self-identity

Being in the

Understanding

classroom

feelings

Being in my world

Identifying talents Being special

Identifying emotions

Responding to emotions

To identify and moderate their own feelings, socially and emotionally.

To consider the feelings and needs of others.

To adapt behaviour to a range of situations.

To follow instructions with more than one step.

To begin to show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

To do zips/buttons independently.

To understand rules and expectations and the importance of these.

To work co-operatively in small groups and initiate play with others.

To use strategies to support turn taking and resolve minor conflicts

- Standing up for vourself
- Challenges
- Perseverance
- Overcoming obstacles
- Goal setting
- Seeking help

To identify and moderate their own feelings, socially and emotionally.

To consider the feelings and needs of others.

To maintain focus for longer periods of time and follow instructions with multiple steps.

To begin to show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge and develop independence when setting goals and completing activities.

To display good understanding of rules and explain importance of them. To manage needs independently.

To listen to the ideas of other children, begin to compromise and resolve minor conflicts. Understand own needs and

the needs of others.

Healthy Me

- Exercising bodies
- Healthy food choices
- Healthy routines including; sleep, cleanliness and teeth

To begin to identify and use strategies which help regulate their emotions. To be able to maintain focus

and engagement in learning, following instructions with multiple steps.

To show resilience and perseverance when trying new activities/learning and demonstrate a 'can do' attitude.

To articulate rules, with a good understanding of right and wrong, behave accordingly.

To gain an understanding of healthy food choices and exercise.

To have strong friendships, work co-operatively and part of a team.

To listen to the perspectives of others.

Relationships:

- Family life
- Friendships
- Getting on and falling out
- Being a good friend
- Anti-bullying

To identify and express how they are feeling and begin to regulate their emotions and behaviour accordingly. To be able to maintain focus and engagement in learning, following instructions with

To show resilience and perseverance when trying new activities/learning and demonstrate a 'can do' attitude.

multiple steps.

To articulate rules, with a good understanding of right and wrong and try to behave accordingly.

To understand the importance of healthy food choices.

Understand we are all unique and build strong positive relationships built on respect and kindness.

Changing Me:

- **Bodies**
- Respecting my body
- Growing up
- Growth and change
- Fun and fears
- Celebrations

Physical	Gross Motor:	Gross Motor:	Gross Motor:	Gross Motor:	Gross Motor:	Gross Motor:
Development	To move safely in a space.	To begin to develop	To roll and track a ball.	To copy and create actions in	To create short sequences	To gain an understand of the
	To stop safely.	balance.	To develop accuracy when	time with music.	using shapes, balances and	importance of physical and
	To develop control when	To run and stop.	through to a target.	To move safely with	travelling actions.	mental health.
	using equipment.	To change directions.	To roll to a partner with control.	confidence and imagination,	To balance and safely use	To work co-operatively as a
	To follow a path and take	To explore different	To begin to throw and catch with	communicating ideas	apparatus.	team.
	turns.	ways of travelling	a partner.	through movement.	To jump and land safely	To move confidently in
	To work co-operatively with	including running,	To jump and land safely.	To explore movement using	(from a height)	different ways.
	a partner.	hopping, jumping,	Develop the overall body	props with control and co-	To explore travelling around,	To be aware of the changes
	Confidently and safely use a	skipping and galloping.	strength, co-ordination, balance	ordination.	over and through apparatus.	to the way you feel during
	range of large and small	Confidently and safely	and agility	To express ideas through	To create short sequences	exercise.
	apparatus indoors and	use a range of large and	To develop core muscle strength.	movement.	linking actions together	Develop the overall body
	outside, alone and in a	small apparatus indoors	Confidently and safely use a	To move with control and co-	including apparatus.	strength, co-ordination,
	group.	and outside, alone and in	range of large and small	ordination, copying, linking	Develop the overall body	balance and agility
	Fine Motor:	a group.	apparatus indoors and outside,	and repeating actions.	strength, co-ordination,	To develop core muscle
	To use a dominant hand.	Fine Motor:	alone and in a group.	To remember and repeat	balance and agility	strength.
	To mark make using	To begin to use	Fine Motor:	actions, exploring different	To develop core muscle	Further develop and refine
	different shapes.	anticlockwise	To use tripod grip when using	ways of moving.	strength.	range of ball skills including
	To begin to use a tripod grip	movements and retrace	marking making tools (most	Develop the overall body	Fine Motor:	throwing, catching, kicking,
	when using marking making	vertical lines (p, r, n etc)	cases)	strength, co-ordination,	To write letters using correct	passing, batting and aiming
	tools	To hold scissors correctly	To cut with increasing accuracy	balance and agility	formation and begin to	Develop confidence,
	To use tweezers to transfer	and to use them safely	and control.	To develop core muscle	control size of letters.	competence, precision and
	obiects.	with increasing accuracy.	To write taught letters, most of	strength.	To draw with increasing	accuracy when engaging in
	To thread large beads.	To use tripod grip.	which are correctly formed.	Fine Motor:	accuracy and details.	activities that involve a ball
	To begin to form	To accurately draw lines,	To thread small beads.	To write letters using correct	To independently eat using a	Fine Motor:
	recognisable letters, some of	circles and shapes to	To confidently use a range of	formation and begin to	knife, fork and spoon.	To write letters using corre
	which are correctly formed.	draw pictures.	mark making tools and small	control size of letters.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	formation and begin to
	To hold scissors correctly.	To write taught letters	tools with accuracy.	To draw with increasing		control size of letters.
	To hold fork and spoon and	using correct formation.	,	accuracy and details.		To sit letters on the line.
	use when eating.	8		To independently eat using a		To draw with increasing
				knife, fork and spoon.		accuracy and details.
				To confidently use a range of		To independently eat using
				mark making tools and small		knife, fork and spoon.
				tools with accuracy.		kinie, fork and spoon.
				tools with accuracy.		
	Real PE	Real PE	Real PE:	Real Dance:	Real Gym – Unit 1	Real PE
	Unit 1: Coordination:	Unit 2: Dynamic Balance	Unit 3: Dynamic Balance on the	Unit 1 Dance focus – Artistry,	Shape and Travel	Unit 5 – Sending and
	Footwork	to Agility: Jumping and	line.	Partnering, Circles, Shapes	Unit 2	Receiving
	Static balance: One leg	Landing	Static balance: Stance		Flight and Rotation	Reaction/Response
		Static balance: Seated	Unit 4: Coordination: Ball Skills			Unit 6 – Ball chasing, floor
			Counter balance with a partner			work.

Literacy

Comprehension:

To independently look at a book, hold it the correct way and turn pages.

To use pictures to tell stories.

To engage and enjoy familiar stories, sequencing key events.

Word Reading:

To recognise their name.
To read individual letters,
saying sound for them (GPC).
To identify initial sounds
with words.

To orally blend and segment. To begin to blend written VC and CVC words using known GPCs.

Writing:

To give meaning to the marks they make.
To write all of their name.
To begin forming recognisable letters.
To write initial sounds.
To begin to write CVC words

using known GPC.

Comprehension:

To engage in story times, joining in with repeated phrases and actions.
To begin to answer questions about stories that are read to them.
To enjoy an increasing range of books, including fiction, non-fiction, poems and rhymes.

Word Reading:

To recognise taught graphemes and accurately articulate corresponding phoneme. To blend sounds to read words including known GPCs.

To blend words which include 's' ending (/s//z/).

To recognise taught common exception words.

To 'begin to sight read words very familiar with. To read books matching their phonics ability. Begin to read captions and simple sentences using known GPC.

Writing:

To write their name.
To form recognisable letters, using correct formation for most taught letters.
To spell words by identifying phonemes in them and representing with graphemes.

Comprehension:

To act out stories.

To begin to predict what may happen in a story.
To suggest how a story might

end.

To know that information can be retrieved from books.

Word Reading:

To recognise taught graphemes (digraphs) and accurately articulate corresponding phoneme.

To blend to read ccvc words and two syllable words.

To read words with -ing ending. To read taught common exception words.

To read captions and sentences including known GPCS and common exception words. To read books matching their phonics ability.

Writing:

To write their name using correct letter formation.

To form recognisable letters, using correct formation for most taught letters.

To segment to write CVC words using known GPC including taught digraphs.

To begin to write captions and simple sentences.

To understand that sentences start with a capital letters and end with full stop.

To spell some taught common exception words correctly.

Comprehension:

To retell known stories, using own words and vocabulary from texts.

To answer retrieve questions about what they have read and what has been read to them.

To follow a story without pictures.

To describe characters in familiar story.
Begin to understand structure of story.

Word Reading:

To recognise taught graphemes (digraphs) and accurately articulate corresponding phoneme.
To blend to read ccvc words and two syllable words.
To read words with -ing ending.
To read taught common exception words.

To read captions and sentences including known GPCS and common exception words.

To read books matching their phonics ability.

Writing:

To form letters, using correct formation for taught letters. To segment to write words using known GPC including taught digraphs and trigraphs. To begin to write captions and simple sentences. To understand that sentences start with a capital

letters and end with full stop.

Comprehension:

To retell stories in detail, using own words and vocabulary from text.
To answer retrieve questions about what they have read and what has been read to them.

To use vocabulary that is influences by their experience of books.

Word Reading:

To recognise taught graphemes (digraphs and trigraphs) and accurately articulate corresponding phoneme.

To sight read many familiar words.

To read words with -es ending.

To read words with -ed ending.

To read taught common exception words.

To read sentences including

known GPCS and common exception words with increasing fluency.
To read books matching their phonics ability.

Writing:

To form lower- and uppercase letter correctly.
To write words (including polysyllabic) phonetically.
To begin to use capital letters at the start of a sentence.
To use finger spaces and full stops when writing a sentence.
To spell some taught tricky

Comprehension:

To sequence and retell stories that have been read to them, using own words and vocabulary.
To answer questions about what they have read including anticipating events and beginning to develop inference skills

Word Reading:

To read words which include all taught GPCS, including digraphs and trigraphs.
To sight read many familiar words.

To read words with -es ending.

To read words with -ed ending.

To read CCVCC and CCVC words.

To read taught common exception words.

To read sentences including known GPCS and common exception words with increasing fluency.

To read books matching their phonics ability, with increasing fluency.

Writing:

To form lower- and uppercase letter correctly. To write words (including polysyllabic) phonetically. To begin to use capital letters at the start of a sentence. To use finger spaces and full stops when writing a sentence.

To spell some taught tricky

Phonics		FFT Succe	ss for All Phonics – see weekly scope	To spell some taught common exception words correctly.	words correctly. To write for purpose, dictated and composed. To begin to read their work back to check.	words correctly. To write for purpose, dictated and composed. To begin to read their work back to check.
Mathematics	To recognise numbers 1-3 and match numerals to quantities. To subitise to 3 To find one more of numbers to 3 To find one less of number to 3 To explore composition of 2 and 3. To say which group has more. To say which group has fewer. To compare quantities. To count to 5, applying counting principles. To match and sort objects. To compare capacity, length, height and size. To finish a repeating pattern. To recognise and name circle, semi-circle and triangle. To recognise 1p and 2p.	To recognise numbers 1-5 and match numerals to quantities. To subitise to 5 To confidently use 5 frames. One more and one less relationship between consecutive numbers within 5. Composition of numbers within 5. To compare quantities to 5. To compare equal and unequal groups. To count to 10. To recognise and name square and oblong. To recognise 5p.	To recognise numerals and match quantities 0-8. To subitise to 5. One more, one less relationship between consecutive numbers within 8. Number bonds (including subtraction facts) of 5. To explore composition of 6, 7 and 8. To apply counting principles to count beyond 10. To compare quantities using vocabulary greater than, fewer than and equal. To combine two groups of objects using vocabulary linked to addition. To order objects by height and length, and begin to use nonstandard unit of measure. Verbally order days of week.	To recognise numerals and match quantities 0-10. To order numbers within 10. To begin to develop conceptual subitising using known composition facts. To explore composition of 9 and 10. To use ten-frames confidently, using deep knowledge of number e.g. 5 and 1 is 6, one less than 10 is 9 etc. Begin to recall number bonds to 10. One more, one less within 10. To estimate number of objects. To apply counting principles to 20. To compare quantities to 10 using accurate language. To combine two groups of objects, beginning to use count on method. To take away objects and count how many are left. To recognise 10p. To begin to explore properties and name 3D	To recognise numbers to 20. Automatic recall of number facts (including subtraction) to 5. To explore place value and counting system using tens and ones. Confidently use ten-frames to represent numbers beyond 10. To count beyond 20, demonstrating a good understanding of counting system. To add numbers by counting on. To take away quantities. To find the difference. To order numbers to 20, using good understanding of counting system. Begin to find missing numbers.	To solve simple number problems. To automatically recall number facts (including subtraction) to 5. Deep understanding of composition within 10. To understand 'double' and recall some double facts. To begin to understand 'odd' and 'even'. To say whether groups are equal or not equal. To share quantities equally. To begin to understand term 'half'.

shapes.

Understanding the World

Past and Present

People, Cultures and communities

The natural World :

Past and Present

To begin to talk about own life-story/experiences (using past tense).

To begin to explore how you

change/grow over time. (life cycle of human)
To know about significant figures from the past. (Mary Seacole and Dr Mae Jemison)

People, Culture and Communities

Talk about members of their immediate family and community.
Name and describe people who are familiar to them.
To know about different family structures.
To know that name of the town we live in.
To describe features of their immediate environment through observations.

The Natural World

To ask questions about the natural environment.
To respect and care for the natural environment.
To observe the natural world around them, noticing and describing signs of Autumn.
Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside.

Past and Present

To begin to explore similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class. (The First Christmas) To explore how transport has changed over time.

People, Culture and Communities

To know that there are many countries around the world.

To know we live in the UK.

Compare similarities and differences between life in this countries and life in other countries.

To explore family links to other countries.

Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.

The Natural World

To begin to observe process and changes to the natural world, including changing states of matter (melting)
To ask questions about the natural world around them.
To observe changes to their environment, seasonal, weather etc.

Describe what they see,

hear and feel whilst

outside.

Past and Present

To talk about their personal past. To create a timeline of their personal past, using vocabulary to order events chronologically. To begin to understand that things happened before they were born (events beyond living memory).

To use vocabulary linked to the past.

To know that dinosaurs existed before humans.

To know that humans use fossils to inform us about the past. To begin to compare life now to life in the stone age through texts.

People, Culture and Communities

To draw information on a simple map.

To learn and use vocabulary linked to human and physical features.

To know that there are many different religions.

To simple recall what happens when infants are welcomed into a religion including a Christian baptism and other religions.

To retell religious stories and make connections to their own experiences.

The Natural World

To observe and comment on the changes to their immediate environment (winter).

To know features of their immediate environment and how it compares to other environments.

To know that animals have changed over time.

Past and Present

To explore similarities and differences between now and the past through setting, characters and event encountered in books read. To visit a historical place of importance.

To know that traditional tales have been told and re-told for many years.

People, Culture and Communities

To compare and contrast environments, cultures and characters through stories. To recognise some environments that are different from the one in which they live. Observe similarities and differences. To begin to understand similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. To know that people in other countries may speak different languages.

The Natural World

To observe and comment on the environment changes to environment during spring. To observe and draw plants.

Past and Present

To use photographs to comment on and discuss changes over time.

To explore how technology has changed/developed overtime and the impact this has had.

To begin to compare aspects of life in different periods of time e.g. farming.

People, Culture and Communities

To compare environments and how this impacts way of life e.g. compares farming in this country to farming in other counties/climates. To draw information from a simple map, noticing symbols and beginning to understand their meaning. To know the difference between human and physical geography and begin to identify these within their immediate environment. To learn and use vocabulary linked to human and physical features.

The Natural World

animals.

To identify and name many animals.

To learn about the life cycle of different animals.

To closely observe plants and understand how to care for growing plants.

To plant a seed and observe the changes.

To observe and draw

Past and Present

To know about the past through settings, characters and event encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

To ask questions about the past and comment on similarities and differences between the past and present.

People, Culture and Communities

Describe environments observed through first hand experience, observation, stories and maps.
To learn and use vocabulary linked to human and physical features.
To know the importance of

To know the importance of looking after the environment.

To understand that religions have special places of worship and name and identify some of these sacred places.

To become familiar with the world map.

To identify land and oceans on world map.

To know that the earth is made up of continents and oceans.

The Natural World

To observe changes to the natural world during summer.
To compare different habitats.

			To begin to understand vocabulary such as extinct and endangered.		To have first-hand experience of animals and plants e.g. visit to a farm. To ask questions about the natural world. To understand where food comes from. To compare environments and how this impacts way of life e.g. compares farming in this country to farming in other counties/climates.	To understand the importance of looking after the environment. To explore the natural world around them – floating.
RE	Understanding Christianity Unit F1 - God/Creation Why is the word of God so important to Christians? Religion: Christianity Christian value (A) - Respect - What should respect look like? Christian value (B) - Thankfulness - How do we show thanks?	Understanding Christianity Unit F2 - Incarnation Why do Christians perform nativity plays at Christmas? Religion: Christianity Christian value (A) — Service — How many ways can you show you care? Christian value (B) — Friendship — What makes a good friend?	Syllabus Thematic Unit F4 - Being Special Where do we belong? Religion: Christianity, Judaism, Hinduism, Islam Christian value (A) — Perseverance — What does it mean to keep going? Christian value (B) — Trust — What does trust mean?	Understanding Christianity Unit F3 - Salvation Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden? Religion: Christianity Christian value (A) – Hope – What is hope? Christian value (B) – Forgiveness – What is forgiveness?	Syllabus Thematic Unit F6 - Special stories Which stories are special and why? Religion: Christianity, Judaism, Hinduism Christian value (A) — Compassion — How can we show compassion? Christian value (B) — Peace — what is peace? What does it look/sound like?	Syllabus thematic unit F5 - Special places Which places are special and why? Religion: Christianity, Judaism, Islam Christian value (A) — Truthfulness — Is telling the truth right? Christian value (B) — Courage — What is courage? What does courage look like?

Expressive Art and Design	To identify and name colours. To use a range drawing/mark making tools. To use different tools to	Creating with Materials To identify and name colours, selecting them for purpose. To draw lines and simple shapes.	Creating with Materials To understand and explore that when colours are mixed, new colours are made. To draw lines and simple shapes. To paint lines, shapes and edges neatly.	Creating with Materials Explore how the tone of colour can be changed using black and white. To draw from imagination and observation. To paint lines, shapes and edges neatly.	Creating with Materials To mix colours to match images such as paintings and books. To draw from imagination and observation. To explore adding textures	Creatin To mix images books. To use ideas, t To expl
	paint e.g. brusher, sponges, string, straws. To use props and costumes to role-play. To explore different techniques for joining materials.	To use and explore different painting techniques. To share their creations. To explore different textures and materials. To explore different techniques for joining	To use materials and resources to role play and introduce narrative. To plan what they are going to draw or make. Being Imaginative and	To draw increasingly accurate representations of people, plants and animals. To use a range of textures and collage materials. To plan what they are going to draw or make.	to paint. To draw increasingly accurate representations of people, plants and animals. Safely use a wide range of resources/materials for purpose. Explain the process they	to pain Safely uresource purpos Explain have us To eval
	Being Imaginative and Expressive To sing and perform familiar nursery rhymes. To use costumes and resources to act out familiar narratives from experiences and well know stories. To join in with signing and learn new songs (Harvest). To experiment with different instruments and their sounds.	Being Imaginative and Expressive To sing and perform familiar nursery rhymes. To learn and perform songs to audience in Christmas Nativity. To join in with familiar songs and learn new songs. To begin to build up a repertoire of songs. To use costumes and resources to act out	Expressive To learn and join in with singing songs learnt through music and worship. To use range of open-ended resources To create costumes and resources to use within role-play. To explore different instruments and the sounds they make.	Being Imaginative and Expressive To listen to a wide range of music and discuss how it make you feel, likes, dislikes etc. To begin to use music and stories together. To use open-ended resources to create costumes and props for imaginative play. To begin to learn put movements together to music.	have used and begin to evaluate their work. Being Imaginative and Expressive To move in time to music. To retell familiar stories through role-play. To follow a musical pattern to play a range of instruments. Explore speed and pitch. To create narratives based on experiences and stories.	Being I Express To lear poems audient To built songs. To expl instrum To inve narrativ and pro
		familiar narratives from experiences and well- known stories Jackson Pollock		To retell familiar stories through role-play. Shevaun Doherty	Claude Monet (Landscape painter)	Claude painter
Music	I can sit or stand to perfor I can remain quiet whilst v start) I can watch and follow the	waiting for a turn (stop and	I can play my instruments safe them down quietly I can watch and follow the lea I can take turns at pattern ma	nder's signals	I can differentiate betwee show changes in pitch usi slides, jumps (Pitch) I can use pictures to repre	ng tuned

(Art Forms)

I can watch and follow the leader's signals I can explore sounds and classify sound makers e.g. shake, tap, scrape / I can choose sounds to accompany a song or story (Timbre) I can differentiate between loud and quiet sounds (Dynamics)

I can take turns at pattern making I can put my sounds together with someone else's

I can explore sounds and classify sound makers e.g. shake, tap, scrape / I can choose sounds to accompany a song or story (Timbre)

I can differentiate between loud and guiet sounds (Dynamics)

ting with Materials

ix colours to match es such as paintings and

se drawing to record , thoughts and feelings. cplore adding textures int.

y use a wide range of urces/materials for ose.

in the process they used.

aluate their work.

g Imaginative and essive

arn and perform songs, ns and stories to an ence.

uild a repertoire of

cplore/play a range of uments.

vent their own atives, making costumes orops

de Monet (Landscape er)

and low sounds / I can ed percussion e.g. steps,

I can use pictures to represent and organize sounds I can take turns at pattern making

I can put my sounds together with someone else's