

Cookridge Holy Trinity C of E (A) Primary School

The Best for Every Child – A Unique Child of God

RE Skills and Progression

Each of the three elements of the teaching and learning approach is important and pupils should make progress in all of them.

Below are the End of Phase outcomes related to each element. Each unit takes bullet points from these End of Phase outcomes and applies them specifically to the unit questions. These End of Phase outcomes are taken from the Leeds and York Diocese Syllabus and the Understanding Christianity resource. Teachers are expected to use these alongside the End of Unit outcomes (knowledge building blocks) within the RE assessment system used within school. For children working in EYFS at the expected level of development, please see RE in EYFS document (ELG: People, Culture and Communities).

		KS1		LKS2		UKS2			
Skill	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2		Year 3	Year 4		Year 5	Year 6
Element 1: Making Sense of Beliefs Identifying and making sense of religious and non-religious concepts and beliefs understanding what these beliefs mean within their traditions; recognising how and why sources of authority (such as texts) are used, expressed and interpreted in different ways, and developing skills of interpretation.	LII3	Identify the cord studied and give as they mean. Give examples of people believe (e. festival). Give clear, simple and other texts meand other texts meand salvation are bible. Identify at least two from the Bible; for story, a parable, a life, and instruction. Tell stories from the link with a conception of the student of the story.	e beliefs and concepts simple description of what how stories show what g, the meaning behind a accounts of what stories can to believers. Fistianity Dod, Creation, Incarnation part of a 'big story' of the reample, examples of a gospel account of Jesus' is about how to behave. The Bible and recognise a cit; for example, Creation, I and Salvation. Counts of what the texts	@	Diocesan Syllabo Identify and descril concepts studied. Make clear links b authority and the key Offer informed sugg texts/sources of auth give examples of wh believers Understanding Chris Order at least five timeline of the Bible' List two distinguish three different typ example, Gospel, pai Make clear links betw key concepts studied Offer suggestions a	tianity key concepts within a s'big story'. ing features of at least es of biblical text, for rable, letter. ween biblical texts and the labout what texts might mples of what the texts	0 0	Diocesan Syllate Identify and explain concepts studied, us texts/sources of aut Describe examples of use texts/sources of of core beliefs and of Taking account of the meanings for texts/studied, comparing which believers intereawareness of different Understanding Chritical Concepts studied. Identify at least five texts, using technical Explain connections the key concepts sterms. Taking account of meanings for bib compare their idea.	the core beliefs and sing examples from thority in religions. of ways in which people fauthority to make sense concepts. The context(s), suggest sources of authority their ideas with ways in repret them, showing ent interpretations. Stianity The of the 'big story' of the explace within it of the core explained at terms accurately. The between biblical texts and studied, using theological the context(s), suggest lical texts studied, and the sublical texts, showing the biblical texts, showing the single studied texts.
Element 2: Understanding the Impact		Dioce	san Syllabus		Dioces	an Syllabus		Dioce	san Syllabus

Examining how and why people put their beliefs into action in diverse ways, within their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world.		 Give examples of how people use stories, texts and teachings to guide their beliefs and actions, individually and as communities. Give examples of ways in which believers put their beliefs into practice. Understanding Christianity Give at least three examples of ways in which 	 Make simple links between stories, teachings and concepts studied and how people live, individually and in communities. Describe how people show their beliefs in how they worship and in the way they live. Identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into practice. Understanding Christianity 	 Make clear connections between what people believe and how they live, individually and in communities. Using evidence and examples, show how and why people put their beliefs into practice in different ways, e.g. in different communities, denominations or cultures. Understanding Christianity Make clear connections between Bible texts
		Christians use Bible concepts, stories and texts to guide their beliefs, in their individual lives and in their church communities. Give at least three examples of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in church worship.	 Make simple links between Bible texts and concepts studied and how Christians live in their whole lives and in their church communities. Describe how Christians show their beliefs in worship and in the way they live. 	and concepts studied with what Christians believe, how Christians worship and how Christians behave in their whole lives, their church communities, and in the wider world. Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways, for example in different denominations.
Element 3:	'Making	Diocesan Syllabus	Diocesan Syllabus	Diocesan Syllabus
Making Connections Reasoning about, reflecting on, evaluating and connecting the concepts, beliefs and practices studied; allowing pupils to challenge ideas, and the ideas to challenge pupils' thinking; discerning possible connections between these ideas and pupils' own lives and ways of understanding the world.	Connections' is woven throughout the R.E. curriculum. As you explore the ideas and stories with the children, talk about how they affect the way people live, making connections with the children's own experiences.	 Think, talk and ask questions about whether the ideas they have been studying have something to say to them. Give a good reason for the views they have and the connections they make. Talk about what they have learned. Understanding Christianity Think, talk and ask questions about whether the text has something to say to them, exploring different ideas. 	 Raise important questions and suggest answers about how far the beliefs and practices studied might make a difference to how pupils think and live. Make links between some of the beliefs and practices studied and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly. Give good reasons for the views they have and the connections they make. Talk about what they have learned and if they have changed their thinking. Understanding Christianity Raise questions and suggest answers about how far the big ideas explored in the Bible and the concepts studied might make a difference to how pupils think and live. 	 Make connections between the beliefs and practices studied, evaluating and explaining their importance to different people (e.g. believers and atheists). Reflect on and articulate lessons people might gain from the beliefs/practices studied, including their own responses, recognising that others may think differently. Consider and weigh up how ideas studied in this unit relate to their own experiences and experiences of the world today, developing insights of their own and giving good reasons for the views they have and the connections they make. Talk about what they have learned, how their thinking may have changed and why. Understanding Christianity
			Make links between some of the stories and teachings in the Bible and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly.	 Identify ideas arising from their study of texts and concepts, and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses. Weigh up how biblical ideas, teachings or beliefs relate to the issues, problems and opportunities of their own lives and the world today, developing insights of their own.