(1) The table shows the weight of a horse at the end of each week for 8 weeks.

| Week | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight (kg) | 45 | 55 | 70 | 80 | 95 | 100 | 100 | 120 |

Plot this information on the line graph
The first two points have been plotted for you.

(2)

The table shows the height of a child from 0 to 10 years of age.

| Age of child | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height of <br> child $(\mathrm{cm})$ | 50 | 76 | 86 | 95 | 102 | 110 | 115 | 122 | 128 | 133 | 138 |

a) Draw a line graph to represent this data.

b) Estimate the height of the child at 7-and-a-half years old.


Explain your estimate.
Looked up on the graph from 7 and a half years

This table shows the conversion between miles and kilometres.

| Miles | 0 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kilometres | 0 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 80 |

a) Plot this data as a line graph.

b) How many kilometres is $\mathbf{1 5}$ miles?
c) How many miles is 60 km ?

This table shows the time for sunrise and sunset in a town on the first day of each month.

|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunrise | $8: 00$ | $7: 30$ | $6: 30$ | $6: 00$ | $5: 30$ | $5: 00$ |
| Sunset | $16: 00$ | $16: 30$ | $17: 30$ | $19: 30$ | $20: 30$ | $21: 00$ | |  | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunrise | $4: 30$ | $5: 00$ | $6: 00$ | $7: 00$ | $7: 00$ |
| Sunset | $21: 30$ | $20: 30$ | $19: 30$ | $18: 30$ | $16: 30$ |

Plot the information into one line graph with two lines.


